#### READING WHOLE SCHOOL PROGRESSION

#### National Curriculum Programme of Study KS1 & KS2

The programmes of study for reading at key stages 1 and 2 consist of 2 dimensions:

- word reading
- comprehension (both listening and reading)

It is essential that teaching focuses on developing pupils' competence in both dimensions; different kinds of teaching are needed for each. Skilled word reading involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Underpinning both is the understanding that the letters on the page represent the sounds in spoken words. This is why phonics should be emphasised in the early teaching of reading to beginners (ie unskilled readers) when they start school. Good comprehension draws from linguistic knowledge (in particular of vocabulary and grammar) and on knowledge of the world. Comprehension skills develop through pupils' experience of high-quality discussion with the teacher, as well as from reading and discussing a range of stories, poems and non-fiction. All pupils must be encouraged to read widely across both fiction and non-fiction to develop their knowledge of themselves and the world they live in, to establish an appreciation and love of reading, and to gain knowledge across the curriculum. Reading widely and often increases pupils' vocabulary because they encounter words they would rarely hear or use in everyday speech. Reading also feeds pupils' imagination and opens up a treasure house of wonder and joy for curious young minds. It is essential that, by the end of their primary education, all pupils are able to read fluently, and with confidence, in any subject in their forthcoming secondary education.

#### EYFS Programme

ELG: English - It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words.

	Foundation	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Sequence towards KS1	real 1	real 2	i cai s	10014	Teal 5	i cai o
ADING		Apply phonic knowledge and skills as theroute to decode words.  Respond speedily with the correct sound tographemes for all 40+ phonemes, including alternative sounds for graphemes.  Read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught.  Read common exception words that havebeen taught GPCs and —s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and —est endings.	Use phonic knowledge and skills to decode words until decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent.  Read accurately byblending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught.  Read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain thegraphemes taught.  Read words withcommon suffixes.	Apply knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words.  Read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondence between spelling and sound.  Enjoy listening to anddiscussing wide range of poetry, fiction, plays, non-fiction and referencebooks.  Read books that are structured in a number of different waysand read for different purposes.  Use dictionariesto check the meaning ofunknown words read	Apply knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words.  Use prefixes andsuffixes to understand meanings (sub-, inter-, anti-, -ation, -ous, -tion)  Read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondence between spelling and sound.  Enjoy listening to and discussing wide range of poetry, fiction, plays, nonfiction and reference books.	Use knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to investigate how the meanings of words change e.g. un+happy+ness, dis+repute+able, Use suffixes to understand meanings e.g. —cious, -tious, -tial, -cial. Employ dramaticeffect to engage listeners whilst reading aloud. Read an extensivearray of text genres for pleasure. Evaluate texts quicklyin order to determine their usefulness or appeal.	Use knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to investigate how the meanings of words change e.g. un+happy+ness, dis+repute+able,  Use suffixes to understand meanings e.g. –cious, –tious, -tial, -cial.  Use etymology to help the pronunciation of new words e.g. chef, chalet, machine, brochure – French in origin.  Employ dramatic effect to engage listeners whilst reading aloud.  Read an extensive arrayof text genres for pleasure.  Evaluate texts quickly inorder to determine their usefulness or appeal.

WORD READING		Read words with contractions (I'm, I'll, we'll)and understand that the apostrophe represents theomitted letter.  Read books aloud,accurately that are phonetically decodable.  Re-read my book to build fluency and confidence.	Read most wordsquickly and accurately without overt sounding and blending.  Read aloud booksthat are matched to my improving phonic knowledge, sounding outunfamiliar words without undue hesitation.		Use dictionaries tocheck the meaning of unknown words I have read.  Increasing knowledge of a wide rangeof books (fairy stories/ myths and legends) and can retell these orally.	Understand underlying themes, causesand consequences within whole texts.  Identify the structureswriters use to achieve coherence; (headings; links within and between paragraphs; connectives).	Understand underlying themes, causes and consequences within whole texts.  Identify the structures writers use to achieve coherence; (headings; links within and between paragraphs; connectives).  Recognise authors' techniques to influence andmanipulate the reader.
COMPREHENSION	Demonstrate understanding of what hasbeen read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.  Anticipate, where appropriate, key events in stories.  Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes, poemand during role-play.  Reception Aspirational Targets To talk enthusiastically about a book of their choice and engage other children to listen and ask questions.  To listen carefully and answer questions and develop other children's understanding of a book.	Enjoy listening to and talking about a range of poems, stories, and nonfiction at a level beyond what can be read independently.  Link what is read or what has been read to them to own experiences.  Familiar with and canretell key stories (fairy tales, traditional tales)  Recognise and join inwith predictable phrases.  Beginning to appreciate rhymes and poems and can recite someby heart.  Learning new word meanings and making links to words already known.  Check that the text makes sense and self-correctwhen reading.	Enjoy listening to, discussing and expressingviews about a range of poetry, stories and non- fiction at a level beyond what can be read independently.  Discuss the sequence of events in books and how items ofinformation are related.  Becoming increasingly familiar with awider range of stories and traditional tales.  Familiar with non-fiction texts that are presented in different ways.  Recognise simplerecurring language in stories and poems.  Discuss and clarifythe meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary.	Increasing knowledge of a wide range of books (fairy stories/ myths and legends) and can retellthese orally.  Identify thetheme within a range of different types of books.  Recognise some different forms of poetry e.g. narrative, free verse.  Discuss words/phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination.  Check that a textmakes sense by discussing understanding and explaining the meaning of particular words.  Ask questions todeepen understanding of a text.  Draw inference such as inferring character's feelings andthoughts based on their actions within a text.  Predict what might happen within atext drawing on things	Identify the themewithin a range of differenttypes of books.  Prepare poems toread aloud and perform for peers, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action.  Discuss words/phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination.  Recognise some different forms of poetry(free verse, narrative poem).  Check that a text makes sense by discussing understanding and explaining the meaning of particular words.  Ask questions to deepen understanding of a text.  Draw inference such as inferring character's feelings and thoughts based on their actions within a text.  Predict what mighthappen	Enjoy listening to, reading and discussing an increasinglywide range of fiction, poetry, plays and non-fiction.  Regularly listen to novels read aloud by the teacher from an increasing range of authors  Recognise themes within and across texts e.g. hope, peace, fortune, survival.  Make comparisons within and across texts e.g. being an evacuee in Carrie's War and Goodnight Mr Tom.  Compare texts writtenin different periods.  Independently readlonger texts with sustained stamina and interest.  Recommend books to peers with detailed reasons for opinions and explain own preferences for text genres.	Enjoy listening to, reading and discussing an increasinglywide range of fiction, poetry, plays and non-fiction.  Regularly listen to novels read aloud by the teacher from an increasing range of authors  Recognise themes within and across texts e.g. hope, peace, fortune, survival.  Make comparisons within and across texts e.g. being an evacuee in Carrie's War and Goodnight Mr Tom.  Compare texts writtenin different periods.  Independently readlonger texts with sustained stamina and interest.  Recommend books to peers with detailed reasons for opinions and explain own preferences for text genres.
				implied or stated.	within a text drawing on things implied or stated.	Learning a wider rangeof poems by heart.	Learning a wider rangeof poems by heart.

		Diam.		Sianua faurusikaanda and	D:	Idantifi. idana	Decrees access and plant	Dunnana manana and alau
			O .		Discuss the purpose of	Identify main ideas	Prepare poems and play	Prepare poems and play
			•	ohrases.	paragraphs.	drawn from more	scripts to read aloud and	scripts to read aloud and
		story	-			than one paragraph	perform using dramatic	perform using dramatic
			E	Beginning to buildup a	identify the key idea within a	and summarise these	effects.	effects.
		Make	ke inferences based on r	repertoire of poems learnt	paragraph.	accurately.		
		what	at is being saidand done	by heart.			Use a reading journal to	Use a reading journal to
		withi	nin a text.		identify how language,	Identify how language,	record on-going reflections	record on-going reflections
			S	Self-correct any reading	structure and presentation	structure and presentation	and responses to reading.	and responses to reading.
		Make		nistakes and check that the	contributeto meaning.	contribute tomeaning.	, ,	'
			-	ext makessense.			Enjoy exploring texts in	Enjoy exploring texts in
			opinion on whathas		retrieve and record information	Retrieve and record	groups and deepening my	groups and deepening my
		· '	•		fromnon-fiction texts.	information fromnon-	understanding through	understanding through
		Парр		upon what is beingsaid and	lifolimon netion texts.	fiction texts.	discussion.	discussion.
		novti			narticinate in discussion about	liction texts.	uiscussioii.	uiscussioii.
		IT.	•		participate in discussion about	Dantisia ata in	lufou about tous footiums	lafa a sha as sta as fa alia sa
			ut what hasbeen read			Participate in	Infer characters feelings,	Infer characters feelings,
		to m		, .		discussion about	thoughts and motivesfrom	thoughts and motivesfrom
				• •		books that have been	their actions, justifying	their actions, justifying
	<del>(</del>		en to others andwait my			read independently	inferences with evidence e.g.	inferences with evidence e.g.
	$\mathbf{z}$		· · ·	•	· ' ' '	and books that have	Point;Evidence;Explanation.	Point;Evidence;Explanation.
	2	of a t	text.	drawing upon what has		been read to me		
•	<u> </u>		a	already happened in a text	Y3 Aspirational Targets:	whilst listening to and	Predict what mighthappen	Predict what mighthappen
	Z	expla	lain clearly whathas	so far.	I read a wide variety of text	responding to the	from information stated and	from information stated and
(	0	been	n read to me.		genres and use expression and	opinionsof peers.	implied.	implied.
	COMPREHENSION (cont)			/2 Aspirational	intonation appropriately.			
	Ž	Y1 A	Aspirational Targets: To	Fargets:		Y4 AspirationalTargets:	Discuss / evaluate how	Discuss / evaluate how
	ш	be al	able to learn and recite a	 Го use subject – specific	I enjoy participating in group/	I can demonstrate my	authors use language	authors use language
	I				individual presentations to	empathy and in-depth	including figurative	including figurative
	<b>%</b>				presentmy views and opinions	understanding of a	language,considering the	language,considering the
	<u> </u>		•		about a particular text.	character through roleplay	impact on thereader by:	impact on thereader by:
	5			work).	about a particular texti	and drama.		Explore, recognise anduse the
		To be	oe able to talk				terms personification,	terms personification,
	2		fidently about their			I can develop the	analogy, style and effect.	' '
	•		ice of poem and poet.			plot, setting and	analogy, style and effect.	analogy, style and effect.
		CHOR	ice of poem and poet.				Francis the offert author	Compain the officet author
						characters within a	Explain the effect onthe	Explain the effect onthe
						text by addingmy	reader of the authors'	reader of the authors'
						own ideas.	choice of language and	choice of language and
							reasons why the author	reasons why the author
							mayhave selected these.	mayhave selected these.
							Distinguish between	Distinguish between
							statements of fact or opinion	statements of fact or opinion
							across a range of texts e.g.	across a range of texts e.g.
							first-hand account of an	first-hand account of an
							eventcompared with a	eventcompared with a
							reported example such as	reported example such as
							Samuel Pepys' diary and a	Samuel Pepys' diary and a
							historytextbook.	historytextbook.
							Instally textbook.	motor y textbook.
							Participate in	Participate in

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					 discussions about books	discussions about books
					building on their own	building on their own
					and others' ideas and	and others' ideas and
					challengingviews	challengingviews
					courteously.	courteously.
					courteously.	courteously.
					Explain and discuss	Explain and discuss
					understanding of what Hs	understanding of what Hs
						_
					been read, including	been read, including
					through presentations and	through presentations and
					debates, maintaining a	debates, maintaining a
					focus on the topic and	focus on the topic and
					using notes where	using notes where
					necessary by:	necessary by:
					Preparing formal	Preparing formal
					presentations individually	presentations individually
					orin groups.	orin groups.
					- •	
					Using notes to support	Using notes to support
					presentation of information.	presentation of information.
					•	ľ
					Responding to questions	Responding to questions
					generated by a presentation.	generated by a presentation.
					generated by a presentation.	Benerated by a presentation.
					Participating in debates on	Participating in debates on
					issues related to reading	issues related to reading
					(fiction/non-fiction).	(fiction/non-fiction).
					(netion/non-netion).	(netion/non-netion).
					Provide reasoned	Provide reasoned
					justifications for their views	justifications for their views
					luctifuing opinions and	lustificing opinions and
					Justifying opinions and	Justifying opinions and
					elaborating by referring to	elaborating by referring to
					thetext e.g.	thetext e.g.
					Point;Evidence;Explanation	Point;Evidence;Explanation
					Y5 Aspirational Targets	Y6 Aspirational Targets
					To speak confidently about	I use my reading journal as
					my favourite authors and	a means to showcase my
					givereasons for my	reading journey and talk
					preferences.	confidently about the
						genres of reading I enjoy.
					To present my views on	
					authors/ poets/ texts	I can make suggestions to
					confidently and naturally	my peers about suitable
					through various means	books that Ihave read and
					(PowerPoint, iMovie,	begin to identify the
					SeeSawetc.)	favourite genres of my
						peers.
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			I can present a piece of writing on a topic of my choice to engage and capture the interestof my audience.
			I can participate in and talk confidently during a debate.
			I can listen to and respect the opinions of others whilst givingcounter arguments in an appropriate manner.